Editorial Information

As of March 31, 1997, the backlog for this journal was approximately 1 issue. This estimate is the result of dividing the number of manuscripts for this journal in the Providence office that have not yet gone to the printer on the above date by the average number of articles per issue over the previous twelve months, reduced by the number of issues published in six months (the time necessary for editing and composing a typical issue).

A Consent to Publish and Copyright Agreement is required before a paper will be published in this journal. By submitting a paper to this journal, authors certify that the results have not been submitted to nor are they under consideration for publication by another journal, conference proceedings, or similar publication.

Information for Authors

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The first page must consist of a descriptive title, followed by an abstract that summarizes the article in language suitable for workers in the general field (algebra, analysis, etc.). The descriptive title should be short, but informative; useless or vague phrases such as "some remarks about" or "concerning" should be avoided. The abstract must be brief and reasonably self-contained. Included with the footnotes to the paper, there should be the 1991 Mathematics Subject Classification representing the primary and secondary subjects of the article. This may be followed by a list of key words and phrases describing the subject matter of the article and taken from it. A list of classifications may be found in the annual index of Mathematical Reviews, published with the December issue starting in 1990. Journal abbreviations used in bibliographies are also listed in the latest Mathematical Reviews annual index. The classifications and the journal abbreviations are accessible from e-MATH via the World Wide Web through the URL http://www.ams.org/committee/publications/mr-info.html or via FTP to e-math.ams.org (login as anonymous and enter username as password). The classifications are available as a browsable list and the journal abbreviations are available through a search tool. When the manuscript is submitted, authors should supply the editor with electronic addresses if available. These will be printed after the postal address at the end of each article.

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GENERAL INTEREST

On Being a Department Head, a Personal View

John B. Conway, University of Tennessee, Knoxville

For years, higher education prospered. It loudly preclaimed that college gradiates command the greater between momes Ample tunding followed. We produced. But that argument less begun to sour. A college degree las long since slopped being a granuatee of prospertie er even job security. So cely has begun to question its support of am cersities. In this eventonment, mathematicians and all academies must begun to change, compete, and seek resources that will be used with greater care. It is the only solution if we hope to momentary the integrity of the enterprise.

I want to other adence to department heads on) there, I want to tru to educate the rank and file about a variety or aspects of the job of being a department head. I also want to tell you my opinion about this job and perhaps also a little about love, death, and the vagaries of the human condition.

—from the Prefac

This unique book presents a witty, well-written personal view about the experience of being a department head. Those in academia will profit from the author's inside view, and other department heads and charses new and old—will benefit from the experiences of this keenly observant colleague.

1997, 107 pages, Softcover, ISBN 0-5218-0615-7, List 524, All AMS members 519, Order code AHFADMC

A Primer of Mathematical Writing

Steven G. Krantz, Washington University, St. Louis, MO

This book is about writing in the professional mathematical environment. There are few people equal to this task, yet Steven Krantz is one who qualities. While the book is nominally about writing, it's also about how to function in the mathematical profession. Those who are familiar with Krantz's writing will recognize his lively, inimitable style. In this volume, he addresses these nuts-and-bolts issues:

- · Syntax, grammar, structure, and style
- Mathematical exposition
- · Use of the computer and TeX
- · k-mail etiquette
- All aspects of publishing a journal article Krantz's frank and straightforward approach makes this particularly suitable as a textbook. He outlines how to write grant proposals that are persuasive and compelling, how to write a letter of recommendation describing the research abilities of a candidate for promotion or tenure, and what a dean is looking for in a letter of recommendation. He further addresses some basic issues such as writing a book proposal to a publisher or applying for a job.

Readers will find in reading this text that Krantz has produced a quality work which makes evident the power and significance of writing in the mathematics profession.

1997, 223 pages, Sottover, ISBN 0-8218-0635-1-1 ist 819, All AMS members 815, Order code PMWAIC

Techniques of Problem Solving

Steven G. Krantz, *Washington University, St. Louis, MO*

the sobrect of problem solving ... is more than just a disconnected list or brain teasers and recreations. It is a cover life Scientists of corrystripe - chainsts, physicists, psychologists, social engineers, and manurothers - phi their trade by considering a set of data, deciding what techniques are relevant to these data, and their solving a problem. It is this circu of problem solving that will be promitigated in the present book.

-- trom the Preface

The purpose of this book is to teach the basic principles of problem solving, including both mathematical and nonmathematical problems. This book will help students to ...

- translate verbal discussions into analytical data
- learn problem-solving methods for attacking collections of analytical questions or data.
- build a personal arsenal of solutions and internalized problem-solving techniques.
- become "armed problem solvers", ready to do battle with a variety of puzzles in different areas of life

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1997, 465 pages, Softcover, ISBN 0-8218-0619-X, I ist 529, All AMS members \$25, Order code IPSMC

The Way I Remember It

Walter Rudin, University of Wisconsin, Madison

Walter Rudin's memoirs should prove to be a delightful read specifically to mathematicians, but also to historians who are interested in learning about his colorful history and ancestry. Characterized by his personal style of elegance, clarity, and brevity, Rudin presents in the first part of the book his early memories about his family history, his boyhood in Vienna throughout the 1920s and 1930s, and his experiences during World War II.

Part II offers samples of his work, in which he relates where problems came from, what their solutions led to, and who else was involved. As those who are familiar with Rudin's writing will recognize, he brings to this book the same care, depth, and originality that is the hallmark of his work.

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History of Mathematics, Volume 12, 1997, 191 pages. Hardrover, ISBN 0-8218-0633-5, First 529, All AMS members 523, Order code HMAHT 12MC

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Recently Published Titles from the AMS

Descriptive Complexity and Finite Models

Neil Immerman, University of Massachusetts. Amherst, and Phokion G. Kolaitis, University of California, Santa Cruz, Editors

We kope that this small colume will suggest directions of suregue and contact for future researchers to build upon, creating connections and making discoveries that will help explain some of the menu ansteries of computation

—from the Preface

Finite model theory can be succinctly described as the study of logics on finite structures. It is an area of research existing between mathematical logic and computer science. This area has been developing through continuous interaction with computational complexity, database theory, and combinatorics

The volume presents articles by leading researchers who delivered talks at the "Workshop on Finite Models and Descriptive Complexity" at Princeton in January 1996 during a DIMAC'S sponsored Special Year on Logic and Algorithms. Lach article is self-contained and provides a valuable introduction to the featured research areas connected with finite model theory.

DIMACS: Series in Discrete Mathematics and Theoretical Computer Science, Volume 31–1997. 245 pages. Hardcover ISBN 082B-0817-7, Fiss 833. Individual member 833, Order code DIMACS. 31MC

An Introduction to Infinite Ergodic Theory

Jon Aaronson, Tel Aviv University, Israel

Infinite ergodic theory is the study of measure preserving transformations of infinite measure spaces. The book focuses on properties specific to infinite measure preserving transformations.

The work begins with an introduction to basic nonsingular ergodic theory, including recurrence behavior, existence of invariant measures, ergodic theorems, and spectral theory. A wide range of possible "ergodic behavior" is catalogued in the third chapter mainly according to the yardsticks of intrinsic normalizing constants, laws of large numbers, and return sequences. The rest of the book consists of illustrations of these phenomena, including Markov maps, inner functions, and cocycles and skew products. One chapter presents a start on the classification theory.

Mathematical Surveys and Monographs, Volume 30, 1997, 284 pages, Harcdover, ISBN 0-8218-0494-4, List 579, Individual member 547. Order code 5URV (50MC)

Journal of the Ramanujan Mathematical Society

V. Kumar Murty, University of Toronto, ON, Canada, Kapil Paranjape, Institute of Mathematical Sciences, Madras, India, R. Parimala, Ital Institute of Fundamental Research, Bombay, India, Dipendra Prasad, Mehta Research Institute, Allahabad, India, and V. S. Sunder, Institute of Mathematical Sciences, Madras, India, Editors

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tuted I-ditorial Board containing some of the best young mathematicians from India, the journal is sure to be of significant interest to a wide spectrum of the mathematical public. The journal is dedicated to publishing high-quality original papers in all areas of mathematics. One volume of two numbers is published each year. Backlog will be kept to a minimum so as to ensure timely publication. Printed format

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Robert Steinberg Collected Papers

Robert Steinberg, University of California, Los Angeles

This volume is a collection of published papers by Robert Steinberg. It contains all of his published papers on group theory, including those on "special representations" (now called Steinberg representations), tensor products of representations, finite reflection groups, regular elements of algebraic groups, Calois cohomology, universal extensions, etc. At the end of the book, there is a section called "Comments on the Papers". The comments by Steinberg explain how ideas and results have evolved and been used since they first appeared. Collected Works, Volume 7, 1997, 599 pages, Hardrover, 18BA 0.8218-0756-2, 1 st 579, Individual member 847. Order code CWORKS/TMC

The Spin Verification System

Jean-Charles Grégoire, INRS-Telecommunications, Montreal, PQ, Canada, and Gerard J. Holzmann and Doron A. Peled, Lucent Technologies, Murray Hill, NJ, Editors

What is SPIN? SPIN is a general tool for the specification and formal verification of software for distributed systems. It has been used to detect design errors in a wide range of applications, such as abstract distributed algorithms, data communications protocols, operating systems code, and telephone switching code. The verifier can check for basic correctness properties, such as absence of deadlock and race conditions, logical completeness, or unwarranted assumptions about the relative speeds of processes. It can also check for more subtle, system dependent correctness properties expressed in the syntax of Linear-time Temporal Logic (LTL). The tool translates LTL formulae automatically into automatarepresentations, which can be used in an efficient onthe-fly verifications procedure.

This DIMACS volume presents the papers contributed to the second international workshop that was held on the SPN verification system at Rutgers University in August 1996. The work covers theoretical and foundational studies of formal verification, empirical studies of the effectiveness of different types of algorithms, significant practical applications of the SPN verifier, and discussions of extensions and revisions of the basic code.

DIMACS: Series in Discrete Mathematics and Theoretical Computer Science, Volume 32, 1997, 203 pages, Hardcover 18BX 0-8218-0650-7, 13 st 549, Individual member 829, Order Code DIMACS - 32MC

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Basic Partial Differential Equations

David Bleecker and George Csordas, University of Three in Honolphi

This undergraduate text is self-contained for students who have had three semesters of calculus. No previous course in ordinary differential equations or linear algebra is necessary. Nevertheless, rigorous proofs of nearly all results are given after ample physical motivation. In particular, students can read and understand the proofs of the maximum principles for solutions of the heat and Laplace equations, along with results on the continuous dependence of solutions with respect to variation of initial and boundary data. Moreover, complete proofs of convergence theorems (e.g., pointwise and funiform) for Louizer series are provided.

This book is for those who believe that a PDI course should do more than disseminate facts and recipes However, it easily accommedates different levels of rigor which instructors may deem more appropriate for their students. Besides all of the standard topics, there is coverage of nathr flow sbocks, evolution of population densities, imminal surfaces, gravitation, quantum mechanics of the hydrogen atom, and vibrations of found drums, spheres and manifolds.

There are approximately 280 examples worked out in detail, and 600 exercises ranging from routine to quite challenging. MI graphs of mathematical amotions of one or several variables were computer generated including surfaces of various spherical harmonics. Bessel microsis, and modal curves for educating drums. There is a solutions manual with complete solutions (including many intervening steps and calculations) to all but the most straightforward problems. *Interview or Pros.* publications and stribilited worldvide.

except in Japan, by the American Mathematical Society International Press, 1996-535 pages, Hardcover, 18BS, 1 57446-0365, 1345-42, All AMS members 834, Order code INDR, 23MC

Introduction to Probability

Second Revised Edition

Charles M. Grinstead, Swarthmore College, P.A., and J. Laurie Snell, Dietmonth College, Hanover, N.D.

This text is designed for an introductory probability coarse at the university level for sophomores, amors and semons in mathematics, the physical and social sciences, engineering, and computer science. If presents a thorough treatment of probability ideas and techniques necessary for a firm understanding of the surgect.

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1997 484 pages Tlandcover, ISBN 0-8218-0749-8, List 849, All AMS members 839, Order codo IPROBMIC

Multidimensional Complex Analysis and Partial Differential Equations

Paulo D. Cordaro, IMF USP, Sue Paulo, Biozil, and Howard Jacobowitz, Rutgers University, Canden, NJ 1 ditors

This collection of papers by outstanding contributors in analysis, partial differential equations, and several complex variables is dedicated to Professor François Treves in honor of his 65th birthday. There are five important survey articles covering analytic singularities, holomorphically nondegenerate algebraic hypersurfaces, analyticity of CR mappings, removable singularities of vector fields, and local solvability for systems of vector fields. The other papers are original research contributions on topics such as Klein-Cordon and Dirac equations, Toeplitz operators, elliptic structures, complexitication of Lie groups, pseudo differential operators, nonlinear equations, CR and Mizohata structures, analytic hypoel/apticity, overdetermined systems, and group invariant convex hypersurfaces Contemporary Mathematics, Volume 205, 1997-276 pages, Softcover, ISBN 0-8215-0539-6-1 ist 555, Individual member S33, Order code CONM 205MC

Parallel Algorithms

Sandeep N. Bhatt, Bell Communications Research, Morrislown, NJ. I ditor

Inis volume is the result of the Third DIALAC'S Implementation Challenge that was confucted as part of the 1993-1994 special Year on Parallel Algorithms. The Implementation Challenge was formulated in order to provide a formy for a concerted effort to study effective algorithms for combinational problems and to investigate opportunities for massive speedups on parallel computers. The challenge included two problem areas for research study tree searching algorithms, used in game search and combinatorial optimization, for example, and algorithms for sparse massless.

Participants at sites in the U.S. and Lurope undertook projects from November 1993 (Irongh October 1994. The workshop was neld at DIMACS in November 1994. Participants were encouraged to snare test results to rework their implementations considering teedback at the workshop, and to submit a final report for the proceedings. Nate papers were selected for this volume.

DIMACS: Series in Discrete Mathematics and Theoretical Computer Science, Volume 30, 1997, 162 pages, Handover, ISBN 0-8218-04-72-7, 154-857, Individual memory 827, Order code OMACS-3-MC

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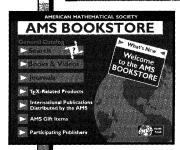
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